

## CLAIMS:

1. Surface-modified, pyrogenically produced oxides doped by aerosol.
2. Surface-modified, pyrogenically produced oxides doped by aerosol, characterized in that the oxides are oxides from the group  $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{TiO}_2$ ,  $\text{B}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{ZrO}_2$ ,  $\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{WO}_3$ ,  $\text{SnO}_2$ ,  $\text{GeO}_2$ .
3. Surface-modified, pyrogenically produced oxides doped by aerosol in accordance with claim 1 or 2, characterized in that they are surface-modified with one or several compounds from the following groups:
  - a) Organosilanes of the type  $(\text{RO})_3\text{Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$  and  $(\text{RO})_3\text{Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n-1})$   
R = alkyl  
n = 1 – 20
  - b) Organosilanes of the type  $\text{R}'_x (\text{RO})_y \text{Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$  and  $(\text{RO})_3\text{Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$   
R = alkyl  
R' = alkyl  
R' = cycloalkyl  
N = 1 – 20

$$x+y = 3$$

$$x = 1, 2$$

$$y = 1, 2$$

c) Halogen organosilanes of the type  $X_3 \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$  and  $X_3 \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n-1})$

$$X = \text{Cl, Br}$$

$$n = 1 - 20$$

d) Halogen organosilanes of the type  $X_2 (\text{R}') \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$  and

$$X_2 (\text{R}') \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n-1})$$

$$X = \text{Cl, Br}$$

$$\text{R}' = \text{alkyl}$$

$$\text{R}' = \text{cycloalkyl}$$

$$n = 1 - 20$$

e) Halogen organosilanes of the type  $X (\text{R}')_2 \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1})$  and

$$X (\text{R}')_2 \text{ Si}(\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n-1})$$

$$X = \text{Cl, Br}$$

$$\text{R}' = \text{alkyl}$$

$$\text{R}' = \text{cycloalkyl}$$

$$n = 1 - 20$$

f) Organosilanes of the type  $(\text{RO})_3\text{Si}(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{-R}'$

R = alkyl

m = 0.1 – 20

R' = methyl-, aryl (e.g., -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, substituted phenyl groups)

-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>9</sub>, OCF<sub>2</sub>-CHF-CF<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>13</sub>, -O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CHF<sub>2</sub>

-NH<sub>2</sub>, =N<sub>3</sub>, -SCN, -CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>,

-N-(CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

-OOC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>c</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>

-OCH<sub>2</sub>-CH(O)CH<sub>2</sub>

-NH-CO-N-CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>

-NH-COO-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-COO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(or)<sub>3</sub>

-S<sub>x</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(OR)<sub>3</sub>

-SH

-NR'R''R''' (R' = alkyl, aryl; R'' = H, alkyl, aryl; R''' = H, alkyl, aryl, benzyl, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NR'''' R''''' with R'''' = A, alkyl and R''''' = H, alkyl)

g) Organosilanes of the type (R'')<sub>x</sub> (RO)<sub>y</sub>Si(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R'

R'' = alkyl                      x+y = 2

= cyclolalkyl                      x = 1, 2

y = 1, 2

m = 0.1 to 20

R' = methyl-, aryl (e.g., -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, substituted phenyl groups)

-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>9</sub>, -OCF<sub>2</sub>-CHF-CF<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>13</sub>, -O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CHF<sub>2</sub>

$-\text{NH}_2$ ,  $-\text{N}_3$ ,  $\text{SCN}$ ,  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ,  $-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$ ,  
 $-\text{N}-(\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2)_2$   
 $-\text{OOC}(\text{CH}_3)\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$   
 $-\text{OCH}_2-\text{CH}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2$   
 $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{N}-\text{CO}-(\text{CH}_2)_5$   
 $-\text{NH}-\text{COO}-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{NH}-\text{COO}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{NH}-(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Si}(\text{OR})_3$   
 $-\text{S}_x-(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Si}(\text{OR})_3$   
 $-\text{SH}$   
 $-\text{NR}'\text{R}''\text{R}'''$  ( $\text{R}' = \text{alkyl, aryl}$ ;  $\text{R}'' = \text{H, alkyl, aryl}$ ;  $\text{R}''' = \text{H, alkyl, aryl, benzyl}$ ,  
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{NR}''''\text{R}'''''$  with  $\text{R}'''' = \text{A, alkyl}$  and  
 $\text{R}''''' = \text{H, alkyl}$ )

h) Halogen organosilanes of the type  $\text{X}_3\text{Si}(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{R}'$

$\text{X} = \text{Cl, Br}$

$m = 0, 1 - 20$

$\text{R}' = \text{methyl-}, \text{aryl (e.g., } -\text{C}_6\text{H}_5, \text{ substituted phenyl groups)}$

$-\text{C}_4\text{F}_9$ ,  $-\text{OCF}_2-\text{CHF}-\text{CF}_3$ ,  $-\text{C}_6\text{F}_{13}$ ,  $-\text{O}-\text{CF}_2-\text{CHF}_2$   
 $-\text{NH}_2$ ,  $-\text{N}_3$ ,  $\text{SCN}$ ,  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ,  $-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$ ,  
 $-\text{N}-(\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2)_2$   
 $-\text{OOC}(\text{CH}_3)\text{C}=\text{CH}_2$   
 $-\text{OCH}_2-\text{CH}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2$   
 $-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{N}-\text{CO}-(\text{CH}_2)_5$

-NH-COO-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-COO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(OR)<sub>3</sub>  
 -S<sub>x</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(OR)<sub>3</sub>  
 -SH

i) Halogen organosilanes of the type (R)X<sub>2</sub>Si(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R'

X = Cl, Br

R = alkyl such as methyl, - ethyl-, propyl-

m = 0, 1 – 20

R' = methyl-, aryl (e.g., -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, substituted phenyl groups)

-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>9</sub>, -OCF<sub>2</sub>-CHF-CF<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>13</sub>, -O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CHF<sub>2</sub>

-NH<sub>2</sub>, -N<sub>3</sub>, SCN, -CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>,

-N-(CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

-OOC (CH<sub>3</sub>)C = CH<sub>2</sub>

-OCH<sub>2</sub>-CH(O) CH<sub>2</sub>

-NH-CO-N-CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>

-NH-COO-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-COO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-  
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(OR)<sub>3</sub>

-S<sub>x</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si(OR)<sub>3</sub>

-SH

(j) Halogen organosilanes of the type (R)<sub>2</sub>X Si(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R'

X = Cl, Br

R = alkyl

$m = 0, 1 - 20$

$R' = \text{methyl-, aryl (e.g., } -C_6H_5, \text{ substituted phenyl groups)}$

$-C_4F_9, -OCF_2-CHF-CF_3, -C_6F_{13}, -O-CF_2-CHF_2$

$-NH_2, -N_3, SCN, -CH=CH_2, -NH-CH_2-CH_2-NH_2,$

$-N-(CH_2-CH_2-NH_2)_2$

$-OOC (CH_3)C = CH_2$

$-OCH_2-CH(O) CH_2$

$-NH-CO-N-CO-(CH_2)_5$

$-NH-COO-CH_3, -NH-COO-CH_2-CH_3, -NH-(CH_2)_3Si(OR)_3$

$-S_x-(CH_2)_3Si(OR)_3$

$-SH$

(k) Silazanes of the type  $R'R_2Si-N-SiR_2R'$

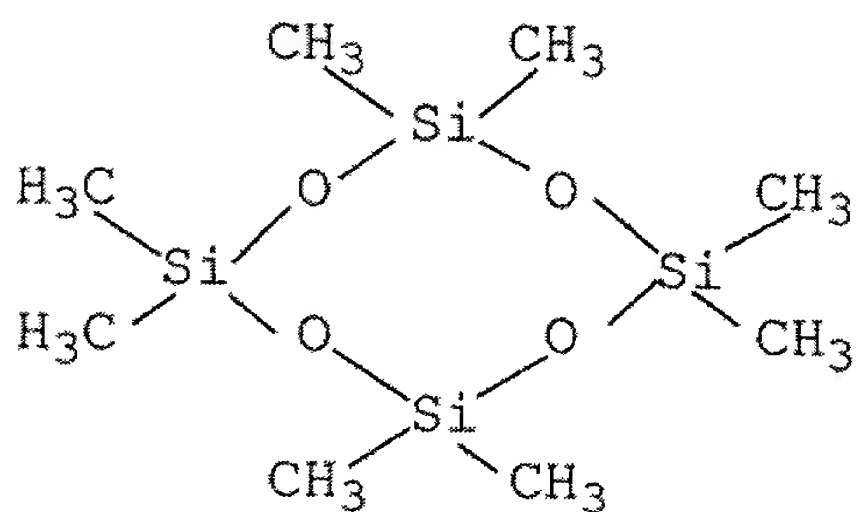


$R = \text{alkyl}$

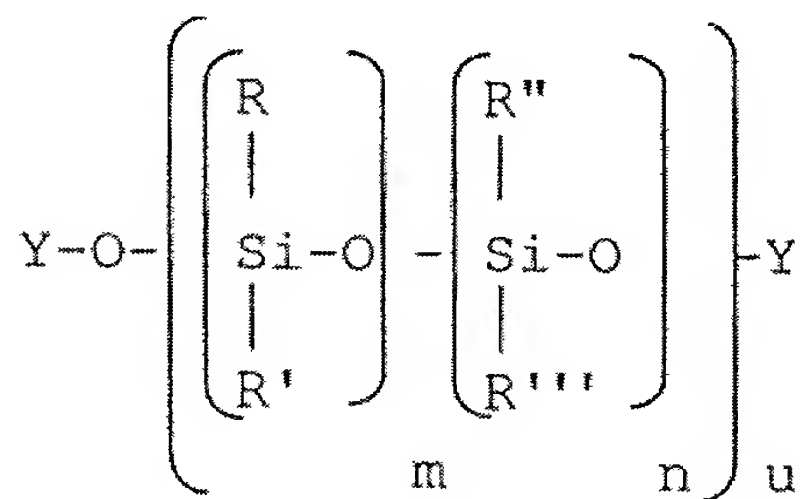
$R' = \text{alkyl, vinyl}$

(l) Cyclic polysiloxanes of the type D 3, D 4, D 5, e.g.

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane = D4



m) Polysiloxanes or silicone oils of the type



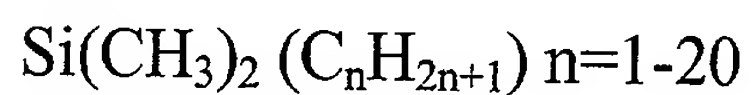
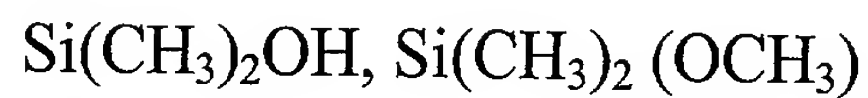
$$m = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, \infty$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, \infty$$

$$u = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, \infty$$

$$Y = CH_3, H, C_nH_{2n+1} \quad n=1-20$$

$$Y = Si(CH_3)_3, Si(CH_3)_2H$$



R = alkyl, aryl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, H

R' = alkyl, aryl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, H

R'' = alkyl, aryl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, H

R''' = alkyl, aryl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, H

4. A method of producing the surface-modified oxides in accordance with claim 1 or 2, characterized in that pyrogenically produced oxides doped by aerosol are placed in a suitable mixing container, the oxides are sprayed under intensive mixing, optionally with water and/or acid at first and subsequently with a surface-modification reagent or a mixture of several surface-modification reagents, optionally re-mixed 15 to 30 minutes and tempered at a temperature of 100 to 400 °C for a period of 1 to 6 hours.

5. The use of the surface-modified oxides as reinforcing filler.